

Religious Discourses.

We present in another column a synopsis of the remarks delivered by the Rev. N. McLeod at the organization of the first Church of Jesus Christ, Congregational, in Utah. We commend the pure sentiments there expressed, and the noble principles of true christianity inculcated to the careful attention of all our readers.

We shall continue, from time to time, the publication of the discourses of the Reverend gentleman, feeling assured that nothing will compel more quickly a resort to chaste language, than it has been the wont to use, on the part of some we can think of in the Mormon Church, than to subject them to the criticism of all, side by side with those of a more elevated standard. Even a good cause may be injured and made disgusting by the contamination of an unskillful advocate, and a cause essentially bad be intensified in its grossness by the vulgar speech of religious auctioneers. We never saw an exception to the rule, that the discourse of the man, truly possessed of the spirit of Christianity, is like its principles, simple, plain and pure—it is never blotched with low vulgarisms. The comprehension of the most unlettered can be reached without descending to billingsgate for illustrations.

We believe there is nothing like a continual attrition of ideas, even in religious matters, to keep them pure. Waters, kept in commotion, are always purest and most healthful, but, when allowed to stagnate, they become pestilential and unwholesome. Individuals may lose caste and be compelled to abdicate the place of religious teachers when their principles are called upon to undergo critical dissection, but the mass must necessarily be benefitted, for truth will thus be sifted from the chaff of error. We desire to see the fullest opportunity allowed for discussion and let the mental athletes of rival religions strip for the contest of ideas—we shall not fail to be instructed thereby, and to this complexion must it come at last.

The News.

The telegraph is bringing us glorious news daily. The gallant and heroic Sheridan has achieved another victory. He has, by report, captured Gen. Early and routed his army. Gen. Hancock is placed in command of the armies of Virginia, while Sheridan hastens to the support of Sherman. It will be no surprising news to hear, at any moment, of the evacuation of Richmond, and, perhaps, the demolition of Lee's grand army. Grant has a firm hold upon him, and his vigilant eye watches every movement that he can possibly make, while Sherman and Sheridan will handle, with masterly strategy and vigorous fighting, if necessary, all the foes that meet them.

The Richmond papers are most woefully despondent. Their hopes, once buoyant, are now blasted, and their designs frustrated. They are loud in their denunciations of Jeff. Davis and the several Departments at Richmond.

The currency of the Confederacy is worth hardly the paper it is made of. Foreign intervention is no longer anticipated. Rebel congressmen have left their posts in flight. Deserters are fleeing to Grant's lines; hundreds of guns are being captured by our brave heroes; rail road and telegraphic communications among the rebel armies are being severed by Sherman, and millions of dollars worth of property, cotton, &c., are being sent as trophies of the gallant victories of our noble soldiers.

In fact, the Confederacy under the auspices of the chivalrous and desperate "Jeff." is but a shell ready to burst with rottenness and corruption. It will and must soon be shattered, they can withstand the storm but a few months longer, when they will finally yield in humble submission. This may appear a boastful saying, but it is nevertheless true—it will certainly come to pass.

A Synopsis of Rev. N. McLeod's Address to the 1st Church of Jesus Christ, Congregational, in Utah.

On the occasion of its public recognition as a Church, Feb. 26, 1865.

BRETHREN:

I welcome you with gladness into the family of the church of Jesus Christ. May you ever be visible and manifested Christians; your practices everywhere bearing a high testimony to what is elevating to the race; a banner displayed in behalf of the truth. To you is this day committed a sacred trust; the honor of Christ in the community where you reside. Your fellow men will look to you for an example of what ever is exalted and glorious in Christianity. Let them not look in vain. Do not rest on a mere profession, but present to the world a life adorned and beautified by the fruits and graces of your religion. Wherever you move, by your purity of motive and consistency of conduct, be known, loved and respected as the witnesses and confessors of Jesus, and you will ever remember, with gratitude and joy, this hour.

The lovers of what ever is pure and elevating in principle and fitted to uplift the race to manhood and to unite throughout our broad land will look with growing interest and with deepening sympathy to the little church here established on the broad and eternal principles of the faith once delivered to the Saints; and when it is known in the States that the banner of Christ's pure and hope-inspiring principles is given to the air of Utah, and that brave Christian hearts are beating and sympathizing around it, pledged to keep it uplifted, and to make it triumph gloriously, whatever opposition may arise, new hope will be awakened in the hearts of thousands, and for this little consecrated band in the van of Christian civilization, the prayers of the pure and good will ascend to the God and Father of us all.

The Christian philosophers, the men of broad and enlightened views, who have studied the history of nations, and who see in the principles of Christianity the only stable basis of republican institutions, and who trace back to our free schools, our institutions of learning and the teachings of our pulpits the grandeur and glory that will survive all our disasters as a people, will hail with gladness this new movement as the dawn of brighter hopes for this portion of our common country. The enlightened Christian mothers of America, who, by their teachings, fashioning the national character, and giving to us and to the national life, will also welcome this new movement with gladness and for us their prayers will ascend, mightier, than all the forces that can be brought to bear against us.

Judged by numbers alone, you may not seem formidable to the powers of darkness, and in moments of despondency, as if your resources were inadequate to the duties, achievements, and great accomplishments demanded and expected of you, you may shrink from the holy mission on which it is your duty to enter; but if true to your principles, faithful to your covenant vows, ever moving out to duty at the command, and in the strength of the Great Master, the conviction will yet be forced upon a grateful and happy people that, even in this day of small things, a new power was established in Utah, with designs and purposes as holy, fearless and undying as those of Christ. The influence of truth outshining in the lives and practices of a people, is the mighty influence to subdue aroused opposition and to triumph everywhere. But it does not depend so much upon numbers; even a few may exert it; and in the right of their risen Master press their way to conquest. It was so in the primitive age, and it has been so in every age from that period to the present. The new, eminent for their enlightened attachment to Christ and to his principles, and for their love to the race, viewed as a vast and needy brotherhood, have everywhere written "we conquer" on their shields, and, moving out to duty in the strength of grace, have everywhere been found overcomers.

The early disciples were few in number, without earthly distinction, or name, or power. But, at the command of their Master, they went forth to the moral conquest of the world—to uplift the nations to light, hope and liberty. At the very outset of their new career—in all their apparent feebleness, they had to meet and resist all kinds and degrees of opposing influences; priestly and kingly craft and power were everywhere arrayed against them, and combined to crush out the very hope of the world. Systems of hourly wrong, the evil growth of ages, entrenched in the prejudices,

hatred and passions of the people, like formidable Malakoffs, everywhere frowned upon them; and wherever they went proclaiming the new doctrines—the principles of elevation and manhood, the suspicion of the tyrants was roused against them.

Humanly speaking, how inadequate the resources of the early disciples to meet and overcome the terrible opposition of their oppressors, and on the ruin of their blood stained altars and polluted thrones to establish the pure and peaceful kingdom of the Messiah; and yet they hesitated not, they turned not aside, assailed and persecuted, their motives vilified, their names a reproach, yet their influence went on increasing and deepening. The moral forces of love, tenderness, pity, self-sacrifice for the good of others, unyielding constancy and deathless resolve were all on their side; and what was the result? Light everywhere spread abroad, that no encircling walls of isolation and exclusiveness, no towering battlements of wrong could keep out. The chains of ignorance and oppression that the tyrants had forged began to burst from the expanding limbs of earth's nations and peoples; her oppressed millions began to start up from the sepulchres of the past and to experience the throes and pulsations of a spiritual resurrection. The kingly and the priestly tyrants who had for ages, by lies, craft and terror, kept the people down, crushing out their every manhood and using them for their own unhallowed purposes, now found a new power disputing with them the empire of the world; a power divested, indeed, of the trappings of the earthly greatness, seeking not the auxiliary of the forces of the sword of earthly power to aid its conquest, but having within itself all the might, forces and pledges of final victory, a power over minds and hearts sapping and undermining the very thrones and altars of the false gods and of their upholders, and, in a few years, by the forces of truth alone, despite deadly opposition.

Even Rome, the proud mistress of the world, yielded to the new power, and the banner of the cross waved in triumph over the capitol of the Caesars.

It has ever been so. There is no system of complicated wrong or deep seated moral debasement now on earth, the concentrated elements of which Christianity has not already met and triumphed over; and it will ever be so.

I envy not the Christianity of that man or his knowledge of the logic of history, the philosophy of all the past, who doubts of the ultimate triumph of the Divine religion over whatever proud and boastful religion may raise its brazen front, blaspheming the God of purity, polluting, by its practices, the air of heaven. Against all the theories of errorists and deceivers and the wild dreams and fancies of the credulous I point to Christianity as a life; and though few and feeble be its followers, even in the darkest portions of earth, yet there is a living power there, and it will yet conquer. But we must possess the Christian life. It is in vain to arrogate to ourselves saintly names, claiming to be God's peculiar people. Practice in harmony with high and sacred principle standing out before the world; herein lies the element of power and triumph.

This is my hope to day, I care not so much for numbers; it is the pure, calm eternal might of moral influence I look to. Live the Christian life, brethren; that is the grand secret of usefulness. There is logic in a consistent Christian life to convince the most sceptical of the power of the truth. Give this community a pure and beautiful example, flood this whole region with the light of Christian purity; let your deportment be everywhere such that your worst enemies cannot but admire and respect it, and this day and this scene will be remembered with gratitude and joy long after you shall have gone to enjoy your higher reward.

Many who are not with us now, and who perhaps have mistaken notions of our mission to Utah, will live to bless the day when a Christian church was here established. In the institutions of intellectual moral elevation which will naturally spring up under the fostering influence of Christianity, benedictions are in store for themselves and their children. We can afford to be misunderstood at present, our motives maligned and our purposes falsified, when from the lofty standpoint of principle we can look forward to the time when the mistaken judgment of the present shall be reversed, and thousands rise up to call us blessed.

When Christianity, in its purity, comes to a people, it comes with the blessings of civil and religious liberty; the masses are taught their rights and their duty; from nameless tyrannies they turn for instruction to the Great Teacher. The few

who rise to place and power through the ignorance and superstition of the many oppose the advent of Christianity, for they dread her ennobling influences; but the day is coming when earth's injured millions will everywhere rise up and in Christianity hail their deliverer, and from the scenes of nameless oppressions and wrongs the hymn of jubilee will go up.

Loud as of numbers without number, Sweet as of blest voices uttering joy.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY VEDETTE.]

New York, March 8th.

The Herald's correspondent shows that there are not less than 300 blockade runners lying in the port of Nassau, whose occupation is gone. They represent capital to the amount of fifteen millions dollars.

The Tribune's special says: It is policy to contract rather than expand the currency.

Judge Edmonds is recommended for the Interior Department by the Governors of nine states.

Washington, March 8th.

Notwithstanding the refusal of the Senate at its last session to recognize Arkansas by the admission of her Senators, they confirmed the nominations of the United States Attorneys and Marshals over the judicial districts of that state.

New York, March 8th.

An act of Congress creating the office of chief of staff to Lieut. Gen. Grant, confers that office upon Brig. Gen. Rawlings, who has shared in the hardships and dangers of Gen. Grant's campaigns from Belmont to the present time, serving from Vicksburg as chief of staff.

Louisville, March 7th.

About half a dozen guerrillas, composed of Wigginton's bands, went into Elizabethtown this afternoon, representing themselves as supported by a much larger force in the rear. There was but little firing and but little damage done. The negro guard drove the guerrillas out. Last evening, at Brandenburg about thirty guerrillas attempted to make an incursion, and were repulsed by the Federal forces stationed there.

Sandy Hook, March 8th.

The Cuba, from Liverpool the 25th and Queenstown the 26th, with dates three days later, has arrived.

The Army and Navy Gazette says: The Confederate Government have countermanded the large orders for torpedoes.

The London Times says: The Peace conference make it more evident than ever that neutrality is the only policy for England.

It is asserted that France has given the American Government assurance that no Mexican territory has been ceded.

The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £46,000.

Philadelphia, March 8th.

Richmond papers of the 6th contain no military news of importance from North Carolina. The papers indicate that both sections are concentrating their forces on her borders for the final struggle.

A Raleigh paper says: The people of this city will hear guns of the great and last battle of the American rebellion, and the traditional grounds of the old North State will be the common graveyard of State rights and State lines, without which no attempt at secession could have been made. The existence of State lines will always be a pretext to prompt the local interest of one section to revolt against the government of the other sections, and refuse to sacrifice their local interests. All history demonstrates the fact that personal interest is paramount to love of country and even life itself; hence, to make us one family, one people, and to obliterate these local dangers, we must abolish

State lines, which will give us a central head magnet to which all local interests will be attracted, to the Republican government, which will be the embodiment of free institutions and a free country.

"CASTING," writing to the *Sacermento Union*, gives the closing scene in Congress on the passage of the Constitutional amendment prohibiting slavery throughout the United States:

When the roll-call was concluded the Speaker exercised his prerogative and asked the Clerk to call his name, and a rumble of applause followed his clear "aye." Then the record being made up, the Speaker announced: "On the passage of the joint resolution to amend the Constitution of the United States, the ayes are 119, the nays 56. The constitutional majority of two-thirds having voted in the affirmative, the joint resolution has passed." Instantly there was a pause of utter silence, then a burst, a storm of cheers, the like of which no Congress of the United States ever saw. Strong men embraced each other with tears; the galleries and spaces stood bristling with cheering crowds; the air was stirred with a cloud of women's kerchiefs waving and floating; hands were shaken, and cheer after cheer, burst after burst followed, and full five minutes elapsed before enough of silence returned to enable Ingersoll to move an adjournment in honor of the day, upon which Harris, of Maryland, white with rage, demanded the ayes and nays. The roll-call was begun, and members answered to their names and passed out—Cox, Pendleton and the rest of the defeated Copperheads taking up their hats and blackly stealing away. The final blow at the crime of slavery has been struck but a few more events will follow in natural sequence when we may truly say that no rood of soil beneath our flag holds a slave. Thank God, the day has passed when freedom is in the minority and oppression dominant in the United States.

TWO IMPORTANT DECISIONS.—Chief Justice Chase delivered his first decision the other day in the case of the British steamer *Circassian*, seized by the authorities at New Orleans after the occupation of the city, but before the formal declaration of the raising of the blockade. The decision held that the occupation of a port by our forces did not involve any raising of the blockade, the country around being still in the hands of the enemy, and the proclamation of the President being unissued. Another important decision was one which fixes the fact that United States stocks cannot be taxed under any State law whatever.—*For Sac Union*

THE MOTHER OF THACKERAY.

The London journals announce the death of Mrs. Carmichael Smyth, the mother of the late Thackeray. Her first husband, Richmond Thackeray, the great humorist's father, died at Calcutta, in 1815, when his son, Wm. Makepiece, was just four years old. Theodore Taylor, in speaking of the youthful Thackeray, remarks that "the son, after remaining in India for some time with his widowed mother, finally bade adieu forever to that country, and was brought to England in 1817. His mother, who had married Major Carmichael Smyth, still survives, a lady of more than eighty years of age, whose vigorous health and cheerful spirits are proverbial in her son's family." Since the decease of her son, however, Mrs. Smyth has not enjoyed her former robust health. His loss was a blow from which her failing age would not allow her to recover. She had been complaining all the summer, and as the winter came on, it was plain to her family that her strength was rapidly leaving her. Major Carmichael Smyth died about ten years ago.

SIGNIFICANT.—It is a somewhat significant circumstance that M. Haeu Renand, a warm friend of the North, has been appointed French Minister to the United States, and will soon leave Paris for Washington.

Local Matters.

THE Dramatic Readings given by Messrs. Lyne and Pauncefort, on Wednesday evening last, at the 13th Ward Assembly Rooms, in S. L. City, were most excellent.

The house was filled with an attentive, intelligent and appreciative audience, who fully appreciated the efforts of the gentlemen above mentioned.

Messrs. Lyne and Pauncefort are both actors of great merit, and none who have ever appeared on the boards of the S. L. City Theater are more deserving of applause. They are unquestionably "stars" in the dramatic profession, accomplished and industrious actors, and pleasant, agreeable gentlemen. Mr. Pauncefort goes soon to San Francisco, to fulfill an engagement with that prince of theater managers, Mr. Thos. Maguire, where we have no doubt but that he will win additional laurels. We know of none who is more worthy to wear them.

THERE is no officer in the U. S. service more anxiously looked and wished for, than Maj. Bull. The soldiers in this District have now six months pay due them and all are asking—what's the paymaster? Why don't he appear? We understood, some days since, that he was en route for this post, but as yet he cometh not.

We shall, in a few days, publish in full, the speech delivered by Hon. John Titus, Chief Justice of Utah. It is a most excellent and able article, and is fraught with earnest and whole-souled patriotism and loyal sentiments.

THE Fenians, at this post, are making preparations for a grand ball on St. Patrick's Day, the 17th of March. Major Bull ought to hurry up, so that we can all dance to "his health on that occasion." Wonder if that won't fetch him.

GEN. CONNOR left in the Eastern coach for Denver, on Wednesday, where he goes to assume command and conduct operations for the protection of the Overland Mail Route.

The weather continues cold, with no immediate prospects of spring. Yesterday freezing was the order of the day, while the clouds overhead warned us of a coming storm.

CAPT. GEO. F. PRICE, 2d Cav., C. V., accompanies the General commanding, as A. A. General, and Lieut. Oscar M. Jewett, 1st Bat. Nev. Cav., as Aid-de camp.

G. W. CARLTON will pay good wages for hauling coal from East Weber. See advertisement.

A PRETTY INCIDENT.—The other day, while one of the Ohio regiments of Schofield's corps was passing one of the Washington school houses, the boys of the school gave them three cheers, whereupon the regiment halted and saluted the boys, giving them "Rally round the flag" by the regimental band, a compliment which the girls acknowledged by singing "Our country's in danger." These little things go far to sweeten the soldier's weary way, as well as to indicate that our spirit is not yet decayed.

NOTICE.

I WILL give \$35 per Ton for HAULING Coal from East Weber to Camp Douglas. mar10-tf G. W. CARLTON

W. I. APPLEBY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, will practice in all the Courts of Utah. Debts collected, Deeds, Leases, Powers of Attorney etc. legally drawn up, and Acknowledgements, Depositions, etc., taken according to Law, for any of the States or Territories. OFFICE at residence on Market street, one block west of the Post-Office, G. S. L. City. jan26-tf

ODD FELLOWS ASSOCIATION.

REGULAR MEETINGS on every WEDNESDAY evening, in Duff's Hall, G. S. L. City. Brethren of the Order, cordially invited to attend. R. L. WESTBROOK, President. R. S. CRAIG, Secretary. feb7-tf

PRICE OF GOLD.

COIN—1.90.
DUST—Virginia \$32.00; Boise \$34.

Salt Lake City Prices' Current.

[Corrected Daily by GILBERT & SONS.]

SALT LAKE CITY, March 9, 1865.

DRY GOODS—			
Prints,	per yard	55	@ 60
Ginghams	"	75	@ 90
Checks	"	75	@ 90
Stripes	"	1.00	@ 1.25
Tickings	"	1.25	@ 1.50
Bro. Drills	"	1.00	@
" Sheetings	"	1.25	@
Osnaburg	"	1.50	@
Rich'd Cotton,	per yrd.	75	@ 1.25
Denims	"	90	@ 1.25
Flannels	"	1.00	@ 1.50
Spool Cotton,	per doz.	3.00	@
Groceries—			
Coffee,	per lb.	1.25	@
Sugar,	"	1.00	@
Candles,	"	90	@
Gun Powder,	"	2.00	@
Tobacco,	"	3.00	@ 4.00
Tea,	"	5.00	@ 6.00
Bacon, State,	"	80	@
Valley,	"	45	@ 60
Nails,	"	12.00	@
Coal Oil,	"	12.00	@
Lard,	"	15.00	@
Turpentine,	"	15.00	@
Palm Soap,	per lb.	60	@
Castile,	"	1.25	@
Pepper,	"	1.50	@
Allspice,	"	1.50	@
Whisky,	per gall.	15.00	@
Brandy,	"	20.00	@
Glass 8x10	per box	33.00	@
" 10x12	"	35.00	@
" 10x14	"	37.00	@
" 12x16	"	40.00	@
LEATHER—			
Sole,	per lb.	1.00	@
Harness,	"	1.25	@
Saddle,	per doz.	175.00	@
Kip,	"	175.00	@
White Lead,	per keg.	15.00	@
PRODUCE—			
Flour,	per 100 lbs.	14.00	@
Indian Meal,	"	8.00	@
Wheat,	per bush.	5.00	@
Oats,	"	4.00	@
Barley,	"	3.50	@
Eggs,	per doz.	50	@ 75
Butter,	per lb.	1.25	@ 1.40
Cheese,	"	50	@ 60
Hay,	per ton.	40.00	@
Straw,	"	25.00	@
Wood,	per cord.	25.00	@
Coal,	per ton.	40.00	@
Molasses,	per gall.	3.50	@ 4.00
Potatoes,	per bush.	3.00	@
Onions,	"	6.00	@
Dried Peaches,	per lb.	75	@
" Apples,	"	75	@
PROVISIONS—			
Beef, fresh,	"	15	@ 25
" corned,	"	15	@ 16
" dried,	"	50	@ 60
Pork, fresh,	"	50	@ 60
" pickled,	"	50	@ 60
Pigs feet,	per lb.	30	@ 40
Hams, Valley,	"	1.00	@ 25
Mutton,	"	20	@ 25
Veal,	"	20	@ 25
Sausage, bologna,	"	1.00	@ 40
" fresh,	"	50	@ 60
Pork head cheese,	"	50	@ 60
Liver pudding,	"	50	@ 60

NOTICE.

IS hereby given to all parties concerned that there will be a meeting of Miners held in East Canyon Rush Valley Mining District, Tooele Co. Utah Territory, at the House of J. W. Goldthwait for the purpose of forming a new mining district.

The meeting will be held Saturday 25th of March 1865, 10 A. M.

C. F. R. HAHN,
J. W. GOLDTHWAIT,
L. C. BLISS.

UNITED STATES SALOON.

W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.

HAVING just received a new outfit of Saloon Fixtures, together with a choice stock of Liquors and Cigars.

I would most respectfully invite all of my friends and the public to continue that liberal patronage which you have always bestowed, this being the

FIRST SALOON OPENED IN THE CITY And has never changed hands. I shall endeavor never to be SECOND TO NONE in keeping the finest brands of

WINE, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

MR. JOHNNY CONLY with his PLEASANT SMILE, is ever ready and willing to wait upon those who wish to favor this House with a call. jan26-tf W. L. SHOLES.

DENTISTRY.

DR. W. F. GRISWOLD,
DENTIST.

OFFICE at the residence of Mrs. Kays, East Temple Street..... G. S. L. City.

REFR BY PERMISSION TO
GILBERT & SONS, HOLLADAY & HALSEY,
CLARK & CO., SCOTT, KERR & CO.
jan16-tf

BOUNTIES! BOUNTIES!!

AARON NEWFIELD
IS IN TOWN YET.

The Highest Prices Paid for
CALIFORNIA STATE BOUNTIES
AT THE SAN FRANCISCO

CLOTHING HOUSE.
AARON NEWFIELD.
2017-tf

BOOTS AND SHOES

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

GURNEY & CO.,

(At Hooper & Eldridge's old Stand.)

Have just received a large and elegant stock of

BOOTS and SHOES

Of their own manufacture, embracing every

style and quality, which they offer at

REDUCED PRICES.

Country Merchants are respectfully solicited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. feb16-1mp

JESSE BEENE, AUSTIN DRUG STORE.

MAIN STREET, AUSTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PATENT MEDICINES.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS.

Fine Wines and Brandies,

FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.

All orders promptly filled at lowest market price. feb16-3m

GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!!

Just arrived from San Francisco and open at

WALKERS NEW STORE

East Temple Street

A beautiful, large and fine selection of

LADIES' AND GENTS' GOLD

—AND—

SILVER WATCHES,

GOLD VEST CHAINS,

CHATELAIN CHAINS,

SILVER CHAINS,

A splendid assortment.

—OF—

LADIES GOLD SETS.

AND

Every other description of JEWELRY

Also Watchmakers tools, Watch Glasses, Hands, etc. etc. etc.

JOHN MEEKS.

jan14-tf

Howard's SUPERIOR

VALLEY TAN
WHISKY,

At \$10 per Gallon,

In Quantities to Suit.

BRANDIES

From \$1.25 to \$3 a Pint.

Port,

Sherry,

Curant,

and

California Wines

At Very Reasonable Prices.

FOR SALE BY

G. McFARLAND,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED

LIQUORS.

GROSBECK'S BUILDING.

2017-tf

BODENBURG & KAHN

Respectfully announce to the residents of the Territory, that they have just received from the

EASTERN MARKET,

an entire new stock of

Merchandise,

Which they offer for Sale at their Old Stand, on

EAST TEMPLE STREET.

DRY GOODS,

Consisting of

SILKS, FRENCH AND ENGLISH

MERINOS,

POPLINS, LAWN, MOHAIRS,

MOZAMBIQUES, PLAIN AND FANCY DELAINES,

PRINTS, DENIMS, HICKORYS,

CHECKS, SHEETINGS, LINSEYS,

FLANNELS,

and a variety of New Styles

WOOLEN HOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS

—and—

DOUBLE SHAWLS

GROCERIES

Of the Finest:

Tea,

Sugar,

Coffee,

Spices,

Dye Stuffs, etc.

Also, a Splendid Stock of

Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes,

Gents' Ready Made

Clothing & Furnishing Goods

MILITARY CLOTH,

Hardware, Queensware, Stationery

Cigars,

CHewing AND SMOKING TOBACCO,

etc., etc., etc.

dec15-tf BODENBURG & KAHN.

MINING STOCKS.

T. D. BROWN & SON

PURPOSE opening an office in G. S. Lake City

in connection with their present business, as

STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS.

One of them will start for NEW YORK about the 10th of April next, to form a connection there, with a RESPONSIBLE FIRM, for the sale of

Feet,

Claims,

and

Mineral Lodes, of

UTAH, NEVADA, AND MONTANA.

They will also purchase and freight

Machinery, Miners' Tools,

Outfits, Family Groceries, Clothing,

etc., etc.,

For all who may favor them with orders and money on or before the 1st of MAY next. Apply early at T. D. BROWN & SON'S.

REFER BY PERMISSION TO

J. DUANE DOTY, Governor of Utah,

SYDNEY EDGERTON, Governor of Montana,

GEN. P. EDW. CONNOR, Camp Douglas.

The Bankers and Merchants of the City.

mar1-tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

AT

WALKER BROS.

FLOUR,

WHEAT,

OATS,

BARLEY,

CORN MEAL.

BUTTER,

BACON,

ALSO

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND

FEET OF

SQUARE EDGED LUMBER.

Jan9-tf

G. ROSENBAUM, CHAS. POPPER, L. NEWMAN.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

MEAT MARKET.

ROSENBAUM & CO.,

TAKE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE

TO THE PUBLIC THAT

THEY HAVE

Now Opened

—THE—

LARGEST MEAT STALL IN THE CITY.

WHERE THE

Choicest Meats

will always be on Hand,

BEEF

PORK

MUTTON

VEAL

LAMB

PORK SAUSAGE,

HEAD CHEESE,

LIVER SAUSAGE,

CORNED BEEF AND PORK,

PICKLED TONGUE,

SWEET BREADS,

TRIPE,

BRAINS,

And everything in the Business.

WATER-PROOF SOLES—If hot tar is applied to boot soles it will make them water-proof. Let it be as hot as the leather will bear without injuring it, apply it with a swab, and dry it in by the fire. The operation may be repeated two or three times during the winter, if necessary. It makes the surface of the leather quite hard, so that it wears longer as well as keeps out the water. Oil or grease softens the sole, and does not do much in keeping the water out. It is a good plan to provide boots for winter during the summer, and prepare the soles by tarring, as they will then become, before they are wanted to wear, almost as firm as horn, and will wear twice as long as those unprepared.

FOREIGN BUNTING—Among the statements of the Secretary of the Navy was one which is not to the credit of American industry. The bunting under which our soldiers fight and citizens hurrah is not the product of American hands. We rely upon foreign factories for the principal material of which the thousand flags of the Republic are composed. How long shall this reproach last? Manufacturers of America, see to it that foreign looms shall no longer have the monopoly of producing the bunting which floats from our mast-heads and flag-staffs, as the emblem of our assailed yet surely triumphant nationality.

RUSSIAN WILD HORSES—In the steppes of Russia it is not rare to see a two-year-old colt rush singly to attack a band of four or five wolves, kill one or two of them, lame the rest, and spread the terror of his name throughout the country. The wild horse strikes with his fore feet, like the stag, and not with his hind legs as is commonly believed. He draws himself up to his full height against his enemy, and pounds him to death beneath his murderous peals, then seizes him between the shoulders with his formidable incisors, and tosses him to his mares, to make sport for themselves and their off-spring.

SUFFRAGE IN GERMANY—A Frankfort paper says: The delegates of the workmen of Frankfort and of the surrounding towns in the valley of the Main have held a meeting here, which was very numerously attended. After long and at times very warm discussions, the associations of the Lassalle and Schultz-Delitzsch parties came to an understanding to organize an agitation for the purpose of obtaining universal suffrage. A Central Committee was at the same time elected, which is to convoke regular meetings, at which all questions relative to the situation of the working classes will be discussed.

"I don't see," said Mrs. Partington, as Ike came home from school, and threw his books into one chair, and jacket into another and his cap on the floor, saying that he didn't get the medal, "for a more meddlesome boy I never knew. But no matter, when the adversary comes around again you will get it."

ODD FELLOWS ASSOCIATION.
REGULAR MEETINGS on every WEDNESDAY EVENING, in Duff's Hall, O. S. L. City. Brethren of the Order, cordially invited to attend.
R. S. CRANE, Secretary. 267-42

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any

amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

And start as early as the 1st of March.

Apply at my office, one door south of Goddard's Drug Store.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 21, 1864. Jan 10, 1865

CALL AT WALKER BRO'S

—FOR—
French and English Merinos,
Alpaca Lustres,
—AND—

Mohairs,
Cobourgs,
Poplins,
Alcetas,
Grenadines,
Ecosais,

ALL WOOL REPS,
Fine Black Silks and Gingham,
of all qualities,

AMERICAN & FRENCH DELAINES,
Jaconett, Swiss, Book, Dotted and
Barred Muslins,

Victoria and Bishops Lawns.
The above line complete in every style.

Bleached and Unbleached Table
Damasks,
French Broadcloths and Cassi-
meres,

All Wool French Shawls,
a beautiful selection.

Flowers, Ruches, Bonnet, Taffeta
and Velvet Ribbons,

French Corsets, Cambric Handker-
chiefs, Hair Nets, Embroidered
and Linen Collars, Fancy
Dress Trimmings,

PERFUMERY and STAT. ONERY,
Shakespeare's and other Dramatic
Works, Fancy Albums, and a
great variety of Books suitable
for Christmas and New
Years' Presents.

Also, Wilson's Complete Series of
School Books.

A very heavy stock of Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS,

China, Queens and Tin-Ware,
CUTLERY,

Miners' and Carpenters' Tools,
of every description.

Groceries
of finest quality, and
CANDIES
in great variety.
WALKER BRO'S.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Begs leave to inform the public that they will soon open their

NEW STORE,

OPPOSITE THE

Overland Stage Line Office.

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

Largest

And

Best

Assorted

STOCK

OF

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

We shall have

Everything that is to be Found,

IN A

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the store we now occupy
Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Clothing and Furnishing

Goods.

Liberal Deduction Made

TO

COUNTRY DEALERS.

Flour, Grain and other Produce
taken, for which the regular prices
will be allowed.

Jan 3-11 N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries,
Provisions,
Clothing,
Hardware,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Stationery,
School Books.

All kinds Preserves, Pic and Can Fruits.

Cents,
Pants,
Vests,
Hats,
Caps,
Boots,
Shoes,
Gloves,
Handkerchiefs.

And a Splendid Assortment of
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also a Large and
WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

Silks,
Laws,
Cambries,
Calicoes,
Checks,
Chambrays,
Flannels,
Shawls,
Ribbons,
Laces,
Hose.

And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Flesh Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Coarse and
Fine Combs.

And a Choice Selection of

Pomades and Perfumeries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing
elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Remember the place, next door to the Salt
Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

Jan 3-11 GILBERT & SONS.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchison Kansas Nebraska City
and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake
City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave
every morning at ten o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE, ATCHISON and NE-
BRASKA CITY.

In charge of the most Competent and Trust-
worthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express mat-
ter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City
Montana, via East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon and Salt Lake
City, via Boise City, West Bannock.

Time to Denver,..... 5 days.
Time to Atchison & Nebraska City 12
days. J. O. ROBERTSON, Agent.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the
United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage,
East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchison, Kansas, and Placer-
ville, California.

And a perfect line of communication between the
ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and
convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placer-
ville, Sacramento and San Francisco,
making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY.

AT NINE O'CLOCK, A. M.

H. S. RUMFELD, Agent.
Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. Jan 11